# Unit 10 Seminar Preparation

# Seminar 5: DR Solutions Design and Review

Please carry out this activity before joining the seminar this week. Your answers will be discussed during the seminar.

## Activity

## Part A

Read Opara-Martins et al (2014) and Morrow et al (2021) and answer the following questions:

- 1. What are some of the main vendor lock-in issues the authors identify? How would you mitigate them?
- 2. What are some of the security concerns with the modern cloud? How can these be mitigated?

### Part B

Create a high-level diagram of a DR solution for each of the following requirements. They should be created in PowerPoint, and you should include a basic description of each design. **Be prepared to share and discuss your designs in this week's seminar.** 

- 1. RPO= 1 hr; RTO= 8 hrs; high availability (HA) required.
- 2. RPO= 24 hrs; RTO = 72 hrs; HA NOT required.
- 3. RPO= 5 mins; RTO= 1 hr; HA required.

Add your answers to your e-portfolio and be prepared to discuss them at the seminar this week.

### Part A

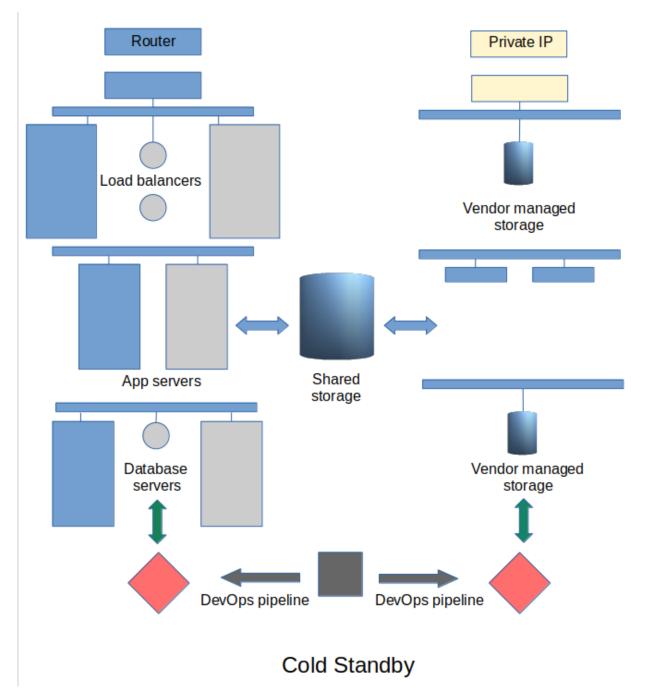
1. Opara-Martins et al (2014):

- Main vendor lock-in issues:
  - "having data locked in to one cloud provider
  - data breach and cyber attack
  - costly data migration or data conversion
  - failure to provide agreed service/meet service needs
  - lack of integration between various cloud networks
  - unexpected application re-engineering or business process change
  - processing incompatibility and conflicts causing disruption of service
  - inability to easily move data and applications in/out of cloud environment" (8)

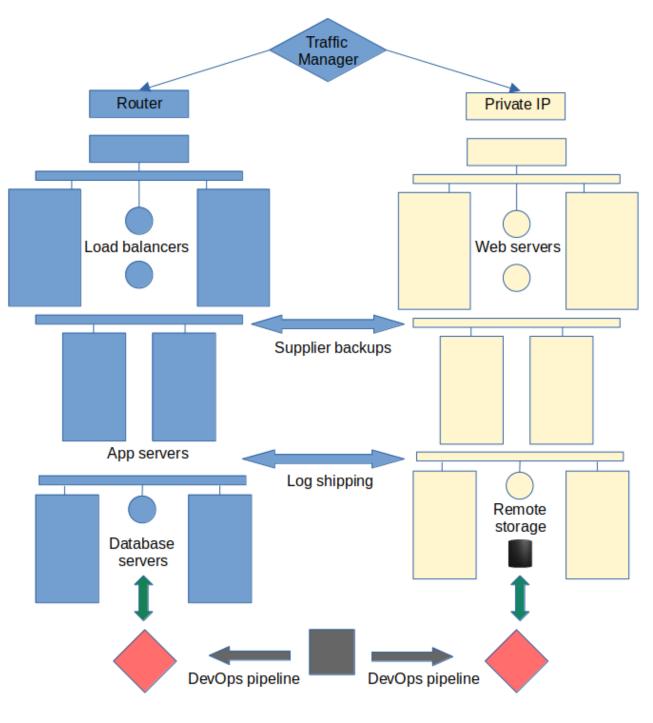
- Mitigations can include:
  - "using standard software components with industry proven interfaces
  - ensure application architectures and IT operations procedures that are not unique to a specific vendor platform
  - consideration for the use of open and published technologies (standardisation)
  - practice and conduct due diligence when hiring cloud providers
  - well-informed decision before selecting vendors and/or signing the cloud services contract
  - build perceived lock-in risks to initial risk assessment and mitigate by choosing a vendor with limited risks
  - involve legal terms and security professional when negotiating cloud providers contract terms and SLA
  - an open environment of continuous competition between providers in cloud services market" (10)
- 2. Morrow et al (2021):
  - Security concerns with the modern cloud can include:
    - unsecured storage services
      - AWS Simple Storage service
    - Compromised Sysadmin credentials
      - Deloitte email compromise
    - Accidental data loss
      - Amazon Elastic Block Storage (EBS) .07%
    - Data and System Damage
      - Code Spaces AWS priviledged user credential compromised
    - Data breach
      - OneLogin AWS keys
    - Ransomware
      - Using Cloud backups
    - Supply Chain attacks
      - SolarWinds on-premise attack

## Part B

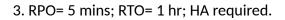
1. RPO= 1 hr; RTO= 8 hrs; high availability (HA) required.

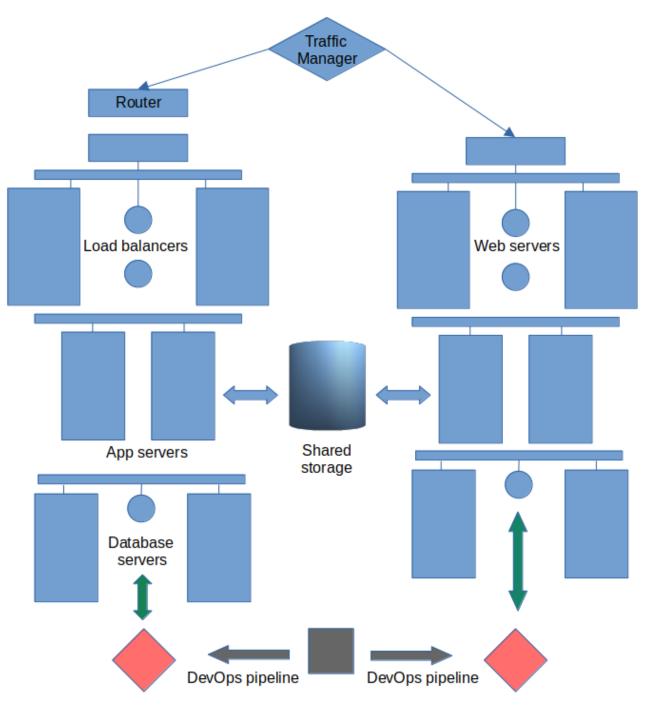


# 2. RPO= 24 hrs; RTO = 72 hrs; HA NOT required.



Active-Passive Standby





Active-Active Standby

#### SRM\_2022

#### **Resources:**

Morrow, T., LaPiana, V., Faatz, D., Hueca, A. & Richmond, N. (2021) *Cloud Security Best Practices Derived from Mission Thread Analysis*. Carnegie-Mellon Univ Pittsburgh PA.

Opara-Martins, J., Sahandi, R., & Tian, F. (2014) Critical review of vendor lock-in and its impact on adoption of cloud computing. *In International Conference on Information Society* (i-Society 2014) (pp. 92-97). IEEE.